

AMERICAN TOOTH INDUSTRIES

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

PRODUCT NAME

Justi Crown & Bridge Liquid Monomer

Product Description Methyl Methacrylate

Manufacturer American Tooth Industries

1200 Stellar Drive Oxnard, CA 93033 805-487-9868

Emergency Phone Number: Infotrac: 800-352-5053

Recommended use An outstanding cross-linked polymethyl

methacrylate resin to formulate Crowns, Bridges, & Inlays. It is a heat cure method for permanent

cases and long term provisionals.

Restrictions on use Industrial use only

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

Flammable liquid Category 2.

Skin corrosion / irritation Category 2.

Skin sensitization Category 1. STOT- single exposure Category 3.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment- Acute

Hazard Category 3.

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H402: Harmful to aquatic life.

Form 244 Rev 9/11/15 Page **1** of **10**





Symbol

Precautionary statements

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261: Avoid breathing vapors.

P264: Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed.

P273: Avoid release to the environment P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303-P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in position comfortable for breathing.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P333+P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P370+P378: In case of fire, use water spray, foam, dry powder or CO2 for extinction.

P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235: Store in well-ventilated place. Keep

Form 244 Rev 9/11/15 Page **2** of **10**

cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous waste in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Incinerate under approved controlled conditions, using incinerators suitable for the

disposal of flammable organics.

Other hazards

Prolonged or repeated exposure can cause liver and kidney damage and an allergic reaction to the skin.

3. COMPOSTITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Statement for unknown toxicity N/A

Chemical name Methyl Methacrylate

Common name/synonyms Stabilized methyl methacrylate monomer, 2-

propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester; MMA;

MMM

Impurities and stabilizing additives*

Standard grades contain inhibitors from among the

following: 800 ppm Maximum Hydroquinone (CAS No. 123-31-9) p-Methoxyphenol (CAS No. 150-76-5) 2, 4-Dimethyl-6-t-butylphenol (CAS No. 1879-09-0) Octadecyl 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxycinnamate (CAS No. 2082-79-3) Phenotiazine (CAS No. 92-

84-2)

Chemical Name	Weight -%	CAS Number
Methyl Methacrylate	90-100%	80-62-6
Other Ester Adducts	0.1-0.3%	Not required
Hydroquinone	0.0026-0.0029	123-31-9

^{*}Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret is required.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Form 244 Rev 9/11/15 Page **3** of **10**

Skin Contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation

or rash occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Eye Contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Obtain immediate medical

attention.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Obtain

immediate medical attention.

Most important symptoms or effects, both acute and delayed:

Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

None necessary.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media In case of fire, use water spray, foam, dry powder

or CO2 for extinction. Keep containers cool by

spraying with water if exposed to fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing mediaDo not use water jet.

Special hazards arising from substance Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May polymerize

on heating. Sealed containers may rupture

explosively if hot.

Special protective equipment and

Precautions for fire fighters

A self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable

protective clothing should be worn in fire conditions.

6. ACCIDEDNTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective

equipment and emergency procedures Eliminate source of ignition. Wear protective gloves

and eye/face protection. Avoid vapors. See

Section. 8.

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment. Spillages or

uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be

alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

Methods and materials for containment

Form 244 Rev 9/11/15 Page **4** of **10**

and cleaning up

Collect spillage. Do not absorb onto sawdust or other combustible materials. Transfer to a container for disposal or recovery. Use only non-sparking tools.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Do not eat, drink, or smoke at the work place.

Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing vapors. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. The vapor is heavier than air; beware of pits

and confined spaces.

Storage Ground container and receiving equipment. Use

explosion proof electrical equipment. Use only nonsparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, hot surfaces- No smoking. Protect from

sunlight.

IMPORTANT: Methacrylates stored in bulk must be kept in contact with air (oxygen). Monomer vapors are uninhibited and may form polymers in vent or flame arresters, resulting in blockage of vents. Check inhibitor levels every 6 months and return to

original level.

Storage temperature Store at temperatures not exceeding 77°F (25°C).

Incompatible materials Polymerization catalysts, such as peroxy or azo

compounds, strong acids, alkalis and oxidizing agents, Oxides and salts of transition metals.
Organic Nitrogen containing compounds.
Cyclohexanone/cyclohexanol tautomer.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits 410 mg/m3 TWA

ACGIH Threshold Limit Values 205 mg/m3 TWA

Other limitations recommended

by manufacturer

N/A

Appropriate Engineering ControlsDo not eat, drink, or smoke at the work place.

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the occupational exposure limit is not exceeded. Consideration

Form 244 Rev 9/11/15 Page **5** of **10**

should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection



Wear eye/face protection.

Safety spectacles/goggles/full face shield.

Skin protection



Wear protective gloves.

For splash protection: Butyl; EN 374.

For immersion protection: Butyl; 0.7 mm or greater; EN 374.

Suitability of gloves should be confirmed with glove manufacturer. Change gloves, if contamination occurs or duration of activity exceeds breakthrough time. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer.

Respiratory protection



Wear respiratory protection.

Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment if exposure to levels above the occupational exposure limit is likely. A suitable mask with filter type A may be appropriate. In the event of formation of particularly high levels of vapor a self contained breathing apparatus may be appropriate.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Liquid

Color Clear/colorless

Odor Characteristic strong and acrid.

Odor Threshold 0.5-1.0 pH N/A
Melting Point -48
Freezing Point N/A
Initial Boiling Point 100.5
Boiling Range N/A

Flash Point 10 [Closed cup]

Evaporation Rate N/A
Flammability (solid, gas) N/A
Upper/Lower Flammability limits 12.5/2.1
Explosive Limits N/A

Vapor Pressure 3600 AT 68°F (20°C)

Vapor Density 3.5 Relative Density N/A

Solubility Slightly soluble. 1.6% at 68°F(20°C)

Partition Coefficient: n-octano/water
Auto-ignition Temperature
Decomposition Temperature
Viscosity
Explosive Properties
N/A
Oxidising Properties
N/A

Density (g/ml) 0.949 at 60°F (15.5°C) **Minimum Ignition Energy (mJ)** 0.89-0.97 at 73.5°F (23°C)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Form 244 Rev 9/11/15 Page **6** of **10**

Reactivity Will exothermically polymerize in the presence of

inhibitors.

Chemical Stability Stable in the presence of inhibitor.

Hazardous Reactions Susceptible to polymerization initiated by prolonged

heating or at the presence of catalyst.

Conditions to avoid Heat and direct sunlight.

Polymerization catalysts, such as proxy or azo Materials to avoid

compounds, strong acids, alkalis and oxidizing agents. Oxidize and salts of transition metals. Organic Nitrogen containing compounds. Cyclohexanone/cyclohexanol tautomer.

Hazardous Decomposition Products Does not decompose up to auto-ignition

temperature.

11. TOXILOGICAL INFORMATION

Identify likely routes of exposure:

Inhalation May cause respiratory irritation. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness.

LC50 (vapor) 7093 ppm (29.8 mg/l) (4hr) Inhalation toxicity data **Inhalation STOT-single exposure** Exposure to high concentrations may produce

adverse effects on the nasal epithelium. Not a respiratory sensitizer. Irritant to the Respiratory sensitization data

respiratory system and high concentrations may

aggravate pre-existing conditions.

Low oral toxicity, but ingestion may cause irritation Ingestion

of the gastrointestinal tract. LD 50 (oral) > 500mg/Kg

Ingestion STOT-single exposure N/A

Ingestion toxicity data

Eye STOT-single exposure

Skin May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes skin

irritation. Repeated and/or prolonged contact may

cause dermatitis.

LD50 (dermal) > 500 mg/Kg Skin contact toxicity data

Skin contact STOT-single exposure N/A

Skin Sensitization Data Skin sensitization has been reported in studies with

guinea pigs. (OECD 406). Evidence of contact

sensitization in man.

Eve contact High vapor concentration will cause irritation. Eye contact toxicity data

Slight irritant to rabbit eyes. (OECD 405)

N/A

Germ cell mutagenicity data Salmonella typhimurium (TA1535, 1537, 97, 98,

100) negative (OECD 471)

Repeated exposure toxicity Repeated exposure to high levels produces

> adverse effects on the heart, lungs, liver, and kidneys. Repeated exposure of animals by

Page **7** of **10** Form 244 Rev 9/11/15

inhalation to levels at or above the occupational exposure level produces adverse effects on the nasal epithelium (levels of 100 and 400 ppm) There is no reason to believe that methyl methacrylate represents a carcinogenic or mutagenic hazard to man based upon evidence from well conducted animal studies, relevant mutagenicity studies and adequate epidemiology studies in relevant cohorts. Recent studies in animals have shown that high exposures do not produce embryo or foetotoxic nor teratogenic effects in the presence of maternal toxicity.

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STOT- repeated exposure data NOEL (oral) (rat) (104 weeks) >2000ppm

NOAEC (inhalation) (rat) (104 weeks) 100 ppm

(OECD 453)

NOAEC (inhalation) (mouse) (14 weeks) 1000 ppm

(OECD 412)

Reproductive toxicity dataTeratogenic and feotoxiceffects only observed in

presence of maternal toxicity. NOAEC (mouse) =

9000 ppm NOAEC (rat) > 2028 ppm

Carcinogenicity data

No evidence of carcinogenicity. (OECD 451)

Other information None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (If available)

Ecotoxicity Low toxicity to fish.

LC50 (fish) (typically) >100 mg/l

LC50 (fathead minnow) (96 hour) (static) 130 mg/l

Harmful to aquatic invertebrates.

EC50 (Daphnia magma) (48 hour) 69 mg/l

Low toxicity to algae.

EC50 (selenastrum capricornutum) (86 hour)

170mg/l

NOEC (zebra fish) (35 day) (flow through) 8.4 mg/l The product is substantially removed in biological

treatment processes.

Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable.

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD): 88% (28 days)

Inherent Biodegradation.

Dissolved Organic Carbon Removal (DOC)

removal): >95% (28 days)

Bioaccumulative potential This product has low potential for bioaccumulation.

Form 244 Rev 9/11/15 Page **8** of **10**

Mobility The product is predicted to have high mobility in

soil.

Other adverse effects None known.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (If applicable)

Avoid release to the environment. Decontaminate empty drums before recycling.

Disposal methodsDispose of contents/container to hazardous waste

in accordance with local, state or national

legislation. Incinerate under approved controlled conditions, using incinerators suitable for the

disposal of flammable organics.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION (If applicable)

UN No. 1247

Proper Shipping Name METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER,

STABILIZED If material is shipped in quantities greater than 1000 lb. per container, the Proper Shipping Name is RQ METHYL METHACRYLATE

MONOMER, STABILIZED

Class 3

Packing group ||

Special precautions for user No special requirements

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC code N/A

Reportable Quantity (RQ) 1000 lb

TDG Class 3.2 (9.2)

TMD Packing Group

Marine Pollutant Not classified as a Marine Pollutant.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION (If available)

US Federal Regulations

Superfund reportable discharge 1000 lb **SARA 302- Extremely Hazardous** Not listed

Substances

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Yes

Form 244 Rev 9/11/15 Page **9** of **10**

Chronic No Fire Yes Reactivity Yes Pressure No

SARA 313- Toxic Chemicals Listed.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65 (California): Not listed

Canadian Regulations

WHMIS Classification Class B, Division 2, Flammable Liquid

Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B, Toxic Material

Class F, Dangerously Reactive Material

NFPA Rating

Health 2 Flammability 3 Reactivity 2

NPCA-HMIS Rating

Health 2 Flammability 3 Reactivity 2

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Revision: 01/15/2015

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Form 244 Rev 9/11/15 Page **10** of **10**